Демоверсия итоговой контрольной работы по английскому языку. 11 класс.

1. Listening. Вы услышите 6 высказываний. Установите соответствие между высказываниями каждого говорящего A–F и утверждениями, данными в списке 1–7. Используйте каждое утверждение, обозначенное соответствующей цифрой, только один раз. В задании есть одно лишнее утверждение. Вы услышите запись дважды.

1. When reading these books, the speaker sees the world in an unusual way.

2. Thanks to these books, the speaker started to enjoy reading.

3. These books made the speaker feel better when she/he was away from home.

4. Thanks to these books, the speaker found many new friends.

5. These books helped the speaker during a difficult period of study.

6. The things said by some of the characters help the speaker in difficult situations.

7. These books showed the speaker that friends are very important.

1. Reading. 1) Установите соответствие между заголовками 1–8 и текстами A–G.

Используйте каждую цифру только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

1. Useful Invention

2. US Younger Generation

3. Modern Branch of Industry

4. Historical Separation

5. Verbal Misunderstanding

6. Britain, the World Empire

7. All in One

8. Old Enough

**A.** For 150 years America was a British colony. At that time British and American English were almost exactly the same. When America won the War of Independence in 1776, it became a free country. The USA was quickly growing richer, and millions of Europeans came to settle here. They brought new words and expressions to the language. As a result, English in America began to develop in its own way and today, there are certain differences in pronunciation, grammar, vocabulary and spelling between American and British English.

**B.** Typical American teenagers are in fact very ordinary. They think their teachers make them work too hard, they love their parents but are sure they don’t understand anything, and their friendships are the most important things in their lives. Some of them do have a lot of money to spend, but usually they have earned it themselves. Most young people take jobs while they are in school. They work at movie theatres, fast-food restaurants, gas stations, and stores to pay for their clothes and entertainment. Maybe this is what makes them so independent from their parents at such a young age?

**C.** Is it possible to have one device with the functions of a TV-set, a PC and the Internet? With the advent of Internet TV, it has become a reality. Imagine watching a film on TV and getting information on the actors in the film at the same time! To enter web-addresses and write e-mails you use a remote control and an on-screen keyboard or an optional wireless keyboard. By clicking a button, you can also read adverts, ‘chat’ with a friend, plan your holiday and play your favourite video games. And in the future you’ll be able to change the plot of the film you are watching!

**D.** When do you stop being a child and become an adult? There are lots of laws about the age when you can start doing things. In Britain, for example, you can get married at 16, but you cannot get a tattoo until you are 18. In most American states you can have a driving licence at 17, but you cannot drink until you are 21. In Russia you can be put to prison when you are 16, but you cannot vote until you are 18. In fact, most European countries and the US have the same age for voting: 18. Many people, however, think that this is unfair. They would like to vote at an earlier age.

**E.** Blue jeans were a by-product of the Gold Rush. The man who invented jeans, Levi Strauss, emigrated from Germany to San Francisco in 1850. Levi was 20 years old, and he decided to sell clothes to the miners who were in California in search of gold. When he was told that durable trousers were the most needed item of clothing, Levi began making jeans of heavy tent canvas. Levi’s jeans were an immediate success. Soon he switched from canvas to a cotton fabric which came from Nimes, a city in France. The miners called it ‘denim’ and bought a lot of trousers from Strauss.

**F.** Some fifty years ago people hadn’t even heard of computers, and today we cannot imagine our life without them. Computer technology is now the fastest-growing industry in the world. The first computer was the size of a minibus and weighed a ton. Today, its job can be done by a chip the size of a pinhead. And the revolution is still going on. Very soon we’ll have computers that we’ll wear on our wrists or even in our glasses and ear-rings. Such wearable computers are now being developed in the USA.

**G.** Some American words are simply unknown on the other side of the Atlantic, and vice versa. But a lot of words exist in both variants, and these can cause trouble. British visitors to America are often surprised at the different meanings that familiar words have acquired there. If an Englishman asks in an American store for a vest, he will be offered a waistcoat. If he wants to buy a handbag for his wife, he should ask for a purse, and if she wants to buy a pair of tights, she should ask for pantyhose: tights in America are what ballet dancers wear.

2) Прочитайте текст и заполните пропуски A–F частями предложений, обозначенными цифрами

1–7. Одна из частей в списке 1–7 — лишняя.

**Nenets culture affected by global warming**

For 1,000 years the indigenous Nenets people have migrated along the 450-mile- long Yamal peninsula in northern Russia. In summer they wander northwards, taking their reindeer with them. In winter they return southwards.

But this remote region of north-west Siberia is now being affected by global warming. Traditionally the Nenets travel across the frozen River Ob in November A \_\_\_\_\_\_ around Nadym. These days, though, this annual winter migration is delayed. Last year the Nenets, together with many thousands of reindeer, had to wait until late December В \_\_\_\_\_\_.

“Our reindeer were hungry. There wasn’t enough food,” Jakov Japtik, a Nenets reindeer herder, said. “The snow is melting sooner, quicker and faster than before. In spring it’s difficult for the reindeer to pull the sledges. They get tired,” Japtik said.

Herders say that the peninsula’s weather is increasingly unpredictable — with unseasonal snowstorms С \_\_\_\_\_\_, and milder longer autumns. In winter, temperatures used to go down to -50°C. Now they are normally around -30°C, according to Japtik. “Obviously we prefer -30°C. But the changes aren’t good for the reindeer D \_\_\_\_\_\_,” he said, setting off on his sledge to round up his reindeer herd.

Even here, in one of the most remote parts of the planet, E \_\_\_\_\_\_. Last year the Nenets arrived at a regular summer camping spot and discovered that half of their lake had disappeared. The water had drained away after a landslide. The Nenets report other curious changes — there are fewer mosquitoes and a strange increase in flies. Scientists say there is unmistakable evidence F \_\_\_\_\_\_.

1. when the ice was finally thick enough to cross

2. that the impact on Russia would be disastrous

3. the environment is under pressure

4. and in the end what is good for the reindeer is good for us

5. and set up their camps in the southern forests

6. that Yamal’s ancient permafrost is melting

7. when the reindeer give birth in May

1. Grammar. 1) Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

Mia was suddenly taken ill at school. She felt very hot and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(SHE) head ached terribly. The teacher insisted on taking her to the doctor. However, when Mia \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(BRING) to the school medical room, the doctor was out. The nurse \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(TAKE) her temperature — it was very high and she immediately called for the doctor. The doctor examined her.

“It's the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(FOUR) sick child since morning. The symptoms are the same. It's the flu.” The doctor looked worried and upset. Then he addressed. Mia: “When exactly did you start to feel unwell?” “It was in Maths. We \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(WRITE) a test when I started to feel weak and very tired. I wasn't able to concentrate on the test.” “I see. I'll give you an injection and you'll feel a bit \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(WELL). We have to contact your parents so that they can collect you.”

“I \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(CALL) her mum already,” the nurse said. “She'll be here soon.” “Fine. And we need to take measures to prevent the virus from spreading throughout the school.” The doctor said that he \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (HAVE TO) see the headmaster and Mia saw him leave the room. But she \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (NOT CAN) remember anything else — she'd fallen into a deep sleep.

2) Прочитайте приведённый ниже текст. Преобразуйте слово, напечатанное заглавными буквами в скобках так, чтобы оно грамматически и лексически соответствовало содержанию текста. Заполните пропуск полученным словом.

People travel a lot nowadays. Planes are considered to be the most \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (COMFORT) means of transport but for some people airports can be a nightmare. There are \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (END) queues when you check in and you waste lots of time if your flight is delayed. However, there are some airports where you can \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (ACTUAL) enjoy yourself. For example, you’ll never be bored at Hong Kong’s international airport. There are thousands of people from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (DIFFER) countries here but the passengers never experience any problems because everything is well organised. There are attendants in red coats, who help you to get from one place to another. It’s very good for people with no sense of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (DIRECT). The attendants are always very polite and \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (HELP).

1. Writing. You have received an email from your New Zealand pen-friend Sheila who writes:

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| --- |
| **From: Sheila@mail.uk** |
| **To: Russian\_friend@mail.ru** |
| **Subject: Perfect weekend** |
| *...You know, my idea of a perfect weekend is to do absolutely nothing, just read a book. A walk in the park is not bad if the weather is nice. I don't understand people who spend Sunday in a gym or a fitness centre.*  *What is your idea of a perfect weekend? What do you like to do in your free time after the lessons? What is your hobby?*  *Soon I'm going on vacation and I can't decide what books to take with me...* |
|  |

Write an email to Sheila. In your message ask 3 questions.

Write 100—140 words. Remember the rules of email writing.