

в 2023-24 году в формате ОГЭ

Инструкция по выполнению работы

Письменная часть состоит из четырёх разделов, включающих в себя 32 задания.

На выполнение заданий письменной части итоговой контрольной работы отводится 1.5 часа (90 минут).

В разделе 1 (задания по аудированию) предлагается прослушать несколько текстов и выполнить 8 заданий на понимание прослушанных текстов. Рекомендуемое время на выполнение заданий данного раздела – 30 минут.

Раздел 2 (задания по чтению) содержит 8 заданий на понимание прочитанных текстов. Рекомендуемое время на выполнение заданий раздела – 20 минут.

Раздел 3 (задания по грамматике и лексике) состоит из 15 заданий. Рекомендуемое время на выполнение заданий раздела – 20 минут.

Ответы к заданиям 1, 2, 9 записываются в виде последовательности цифр. Эту последовательность цифр запишите в поле ответа в тексте работы.

Ответы к заданиям 3–8 и 10–16 записываются в виде одной цифры, которая соответствует номеру правильного ответа.

Ответы к заданиям 17–31 записываются в виде слова (нескольких слов).

В разделе 4 (задание по письму) дано 1 задание, предлагающее написать личное письмо. Рекомендуемое время на выполнение задания – 20 минут.

Баллы, полученные Вами за выполненные задания, суммируются. Постарайтесь выполнить как можно больше заданий и набрать наибольшее количество баллов.

Раздел 1. Аудирование

(Образец заданий по аудированию Вы можете найти на сайте <https://fipi.ru/oge/demoversii-specifikacii-kodifikatory>)

Раздел 2. Чтение

Прочитайте информацию для студентов, только что приехавших в летнюю школу. Установите соответствие между вопросами A-F и пронумерованными абзацами текста 1-5. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву только один раз. В задании есть один лишний заголовок.

B2

1. Where can we see the best Gzhel collection and see how it is made?
2. Who can become a Gzhel artist?
3. What do we call Gzhel?
4. What is the technique of Gzhel painting?
5. What is the traditional Gzhel ceramics design?
6. What is the origin of the word Gzhel?
7. How were the first Gzhel products used?

A. Gzhel is a famous type of Russian ceramics. It comes from the region with the same name, which is situated about sixty kilometers away from Moscow. Gzhel is not one place, to be exact. There are about 27 villages in the area which are involved in Gzhel ceramic production. The place can be easily reached by railroad and it is often visited by tourists.

B. It is believed that the place where Gzhel ceramics is produced was named after the river Gzhelka, a small river flowing through the area. However, linguists still argue about where the word comes from. Some of them say it has Baltic roots. Others claim that the name is connected with the technological process. The word gzhel is similar to an old Russian word which means burn. Indeed, the clay should be burnt to become hard before it is good enough for pottery.

C. The clay production in Gzhel started to develop in the 17th century when the Russian monarch ordered the delivery of different sorts of clay to Moscow. Gzhel clay was found to be the best for making pots and containers for pharmacies. The doctors and pharmacists valued it a lot. They preferred to keep most of the medicine and herbs in ceramic pots to keep them fresh and effective for a long time.

D. Gzhel ceramics can be easily identified by its beautiful white and blue coloured decoration. White means pure snow and moonlight. Light and dark blue symbolize the calm sky and rivers. Though the images on ceramics are usually flowers, they are all unique. Every item is a handmade picture with a unique combination of lines. Blue and white Gzhel ceramics are well-known all over the world.

E. You may think that Gzhel painters create their works freely, using their imagination. Although the talent of an artist and creativity are certainly important, the painter needs to follow a very strict technological scheme. Each ornament represents an image or a story that is given a code. All the codes are listed in catalogues and kept in the factory library. Technologists use catalogues to modernize production and organize training for new painters.

1	2	3	4	5

Прочитайте текст. Определите, какие из приведённых утверждений A5-A8 соответствуют содержанию текста (1 — True), какие не соответствуют (2 — False) и о чём в тексте не сказано, то есть на основании текста нельзя дать ни положительного, ни отрицательного ответа (3 — Not stated).

One of the most significant dates during the reign of the Spanish Catholic Monarchs was 12th October 1492: the discovery of America by Christopher Columbus.

The fact that Christopher Columbus (who was not originally Spanish) appealed to a foreign court to offer his services proved that the discovery of America was not unexpected.

Portugal and Spain were well-advanced in the exploration of overseas mercantile routes and Sevilla, a wealthy Spanish city, was by then an important commercial centre. We know that the African routes were closed to Spain in favour of Portugal. In 1479, Alfonso V of Portugal recognized the rights of Spain over the Canary Islands, while Spain ^recognized the rights of Portugal over the Azores, Cape Verde and Madeira.

The Canary Islands were an excellent bridgehead for alternate routes. Unified Spain possessed in 1492 a powerful war machine, a solid economy, naval experience including the exploration of trade routes and notable scientific-technical potential mathematicians, geographers, astronomers and shipbuilders who had been formed in a melting-pot of three cultures: Jews, Muslims and Christians. Its only rival was its neighbour, Portugal, which, as we know, had put a stop to Spanish expansion in Africa.

Columbus' offer was rapidly accepted, but during his journey to Asia his caravels unexpectedly came across the American continent.

The Spanish were especially well prepared by history to conquer, occupy, populate and exploit new lands and assimilate new people. America thus became the new frontier-land for those people used to its ways and with the military, diplomats and administrative arms at their disposal to face the challenge. By the middle of the 16th century, they had settled in the two most important vicerealties, Mexico on the Atlantic, and Peru on the Pacific.

A5 Sevilla was the largest sea port and trade center of the world.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

A6 In the 15-th century it was the privilege of Portugal to use African routes.

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

A7 By 1492 Spain had serious resources to expand its world influence

1) True 2) False 3) Not stated

A8 The Spanish were not ready to settle on the newly open lands.

1) True 2) False 3) No stated

Раздел 3. Грамматика и лексика

Прочитайте текст на картинке. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами B3-B9 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию B3-B9.

B3	The British people are proud of their theatre. The theatre _____ very strong in Britain.	ALWAYS BE
B4	Its centre is, of course, London, where _____ plays can sometimes run without a break for many years.	GOOD
B5	Every _____ town in the country has its theatres.	TWO
B6	Even small towns often have 'repertory' theatres, where different plays _____ for short periods by the same group of professional actors.	PERFORM
B7	The theatrical format of the theatrical play _____ the British people a safe opportunity to look behind the mask of accepted social behaviour.	GIVE
B8	Except for the most famous, theatrical actors _____ have comparatively little public recognition.	THEY
B9	Broadway producers when _____ for the next blockbuster musical or a play, pay close attention to London production.	LOOK

Аналогично предыдущему прочитайте текст на картинке ниже. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами B10-B14 так, чтобы они грамматически и лексически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию B10-B14.

What is a Horror Story?		
B10	A horror story is a story that is intended to frighten people. Horror stories can describe very real events such as being attacked by a _____ in your home, or being trapped underground or in a fire.	STRANGE
B11	They _____ talk about the supernatural world and things such as ghosts, monsters, or vampires.	USUAL
B12	There is almost always an element of evil or _____ in them.	KNOW
B13	Sometimes the cause of the horror is in the main character's _____.	IMAGINE
B14	People enjoy horror stories because they are a _____ but safe way of facing their own fears.	DIFFER

Раздел 4. Письмо

You have 30 minutes to do this task. You have received an email message from your English-speaking pen-friend Ben:

From: Ben@mail.uk

To: Russian_friend@sdamgia.ru

Subject: Dear friend

...Yesterday I did a test to see which job is the most appropriate for me. According to the results I should become a doctor. But it would be absolutely impossible because I am afraid of blood...

...What future career would you like to have, why? Do your parents agree with your choice? In what way will English be useful for your career?

Write a message to Ben and answer his 3 questions. Write 100–120 words. Remember the rules of letter writing.